Newry, Mourne and Down District Council Policy Screening Form

Policy Information

Name of the policy	Risk Management Policy
Is this an existing, revised or new policy?	Revised (Reviewed)
What is it trying to achieve (aims/outcomes)	The aim of this policy is to ensure that risk management is fully embedded within NMDDC strategic and operational planning processes. The objectives are to: • Manage risk in accordance with best practice (identify, assess, treat, monitor etc.). • Ensure that statutory obligations are complied with. • Minimise loss, disruption, damage, injury and reduce the cost of risk, thereby maximising resources; • Inform policy and decision making by identifying risks and their likely impact. • Safeguard, enhance and promote the reputation of the Council. • Raise awareness of the need for risk management. • Enable the Council to anticipate and respond positively to change. • Ensure that risk management is considered in all decisions, partnerships and projects; in partnerships, a risk management strategy should be jointly developed and agreed. • Facilitate the identification of specific opportunities and/or options for continual improvement.
Are there any Section 75 categories which might be expected to benefit from the intended policy? If so, explain how.	No specific Section 75 category might be expected to benefit from the policy.
Who initiated or wrote the policy?	Gerard Byrne, Assistant Director of Finance
Who owns and who implements the policy?	Director of Corporate Services

Implementation factors

	Yes	No
Are there any factors which could contribute to/detract from	X	
the intended aim/outcome of the policy/decision?		
If yes, are they Financial	X	
If yes, are they Legislative	X	
If yes, and they are Other please specify:		

Main stakeholders affected

Who are the internal and external stakeholders (actual or potential) that the policy will impact upon?

	Yes	No
Staff	The policy applies and	
Service users	impacts on employees, agency staff, elected	
Other public sector organisations	members, contractors, consultants, suppliers and	
Voluntary/community/trade unions	service users.	
Other, please specify:		

Other policies with a bearing on this policy

What are they and	This policy should be read in conjunction with the following NMDDC	
who owns them	documents:	
	Code of Conduct for Local Government employees;	
	The Northern Ireland Local Government Code of Conduct for Councillors.	

Available evidence

What evidence/information (both qualitative and quantitative) have you gathered to inform this policy? Specify details for relevant Section 75 categories.

Section 75 Category	Details of evidence / information					
Religious						
belief	LGD	All usual residents	Catholic	Protestant and other Christian	Other religions	None
	Northern Ireland	1,810,863	817,385 (45.14%)	875,717 (48.36%)	16,592 (0.9%)	101,169 (5.59%)
	Newry, Mourne & Down	171533	113200 (65.99%)	34718 (20.34%)	752 (0.43%)	10229 (5.96%)
	(Source: Cen	sus Data 201	11).			
Political opinion	Elected political party representation is an approximate barometer of political opinion of people within the Council area.					
	The party breakdown of the Council's elected members is as follows:					

Sinn Féin	16 seats
SDLP	11 seats
Democratic Unionist	3 seats
Independents	5 seats
Ulster Unionist	3 seats
Alliance	2 seats
TUV	1 seat

Racial group

According to the 2011 Census, 1.8% (32,400) of the usually resident population of Northern Ireland belongs to minority ethnic groups; this is more than double the proportion in 2001 (0.8%).

The minority ethnic language profile within the area serves as a possible indicator of the BME community profile.

The composition of language groups in the Newry, Mourne and Down District Council area is noted by NISRA (2011) as follows:

Minority Ethnic Language Profile of the Newry, Mourne and Down LGD Area

Main language of residents in	Number	Percentage %
Newry, Mourne and Down		
District LGD		
English	156794	97.15
Polish	2100	1.18
Lithuanian	836	0.47
Irish	367	0.24
Portuguese	86	0.05
Slovak	134	0.08
Chinese	121	0.07
Tagalog/Filipino	55	0.03
Latvian	208	0.25
Russian	109	0.06
Malayalam	87	0.05
Hungarian	74	0.04
Other	755	0.46

Age

The age profile of the Newry, Mourne and Down LGD area at Census Day 2011 is as follows:

Age Profile	NI	Newry, Mourne & Down
0-4	124382	12721
5-7	67662	6876
8-9	43625	4595
10-14	119034	12287
15	24620	2599
16-17	51440	5260
18-19	50181	4570
20-24	126013	11570

25-29	T				
45-59		25-29			
60-64 94290 8624 65-74		30-34	373947		
Section		45-59	347850	32556	
T5-84 86724 7453 85-89 21165 1849 90+ 10231 829		60-64	94290	8624	
Marital status The table below illustrates the marital status profile of the Newry, Mourne and Down area: Marital Status Marital Status Marital Status Newry, Mourne and Down L6D All usual residents: Aged 132455 1431540 16+ years Single (never married or never registered a same-sex civil partnership) Aged 16+ years Married: Aged 16+ years 65255 680831 (47.56%) In a registered same-sex civil partnership: Aged 16+ years Separated (but still legally married or still legally in a same-sex civil partnership): Aged 16+ years Divorced or formerly in a same-sex civil partnership: Aged 16+ years Divorced or formerly in a same-sex civil partnership which is now legally dissolved Widowed or surviving partner from a same-sex civil partnership: Aged 16+ years Sexual orientation Analysis of the Census 2011 indicates that between 2% and 10% of the population may be lesbian, gay or bisexual. There are no official statistics in relation to the number of gay, lesbian or bisexual people in Northern Ireland. However, research conducted by the HM Treasury shows that between 5% - 7% of the UK population identify themselves as gay, lesbian, bisexual or 'trans' (transsexual, transgendered and transvestite) (LGBT). This is a sizeable proportion of the population here in Northern Ireland.		65-74	145600	12817	
Marital status The table below illustrates the marital status profile of the Newry, Mourne and Down area: Marital Status		75-84	86724	7453	
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and Down area: Marital Status					
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CIVIER AND TO THE DECIDED DIQUIE FOR THE INEWIVE INFORMED AND LIGHTED AS TOLLOWS.	Men and	The gender profile for the	Newry, Mourne and	d Down I GD is as follows:	

women			T			
generally	LGD		Male		Female	
	Northern Irel			887323	923540	
	Newry, Mour			83866	85345	
				-		
Disability		Council a	area ha	ve a long-term	ople in the Newry health problem o	
	LGD	All usu	ıal	Long-term	Long-term	Long-term
		reside		health	health	health
		Toolao	1110	problem or	problem or	problem or
				disability:	disability:	disability:
				,	•	
				Day-to-day	Day-to-day	Day-to-day
				activities	activities	activities no
				limited a lot	limited a little	limited
	Northern	18108	63	215232	159414	1436217
	Ireland			(11.89%)	(8.8%)	(79.31%)
	Newry,	17153	3	19579	14102	135530
	Mourne and			(11.4%)	(8.22%)	(79.01%)
	Down					
	 5,000 sign language users who use British Sign Language (BSL) and/or Irish Sigh Language (ISL) In Northern Ireland there are 57,000 blind people or people with significant visual impairment 52,000 people with learning disabilities (Source: Disability Action) 					
Dependants		a child (or child		have personal i with a disability, a	
	have depender those aged 0-1 education and	nts. Wit 5 years living wi the prop	h regare or thos th their portion	d to these figure e aged 16-18 y parents or grar of households v	rne and Down, 3 es, dependents a ears who are in t ndparents. Simila with dependents 011.	are defined a full-time ar to the
	Mourne and Do households in t Belfast (17,036 Craigavon (6,3	own whi the Disti 5), Derry 37). Ha	ch equa rict and and St alf of the	ates to almost 9 is the fourth hig rabane (6,337)	dependent child % of number of the ghest in Northern and Armagh, Ba e parent househo	total n Ireland, afte anbridge and old in Newry,

Mourne and Down are unemployed, almost a quarter are in full time

employment and over a quarter are in part time employment. 89% of the parents in lone parent households are female compared to 11% who are male.
In 2012, the teenage conception rate was 1.02 per 1,000 mothers, which is the third lowest in N.Ireland before Lisburn and Castlereagh and Fermanagh and Omagh.

Needs, experiences and priorities

Taking into account the information referred to above, what are the different needs, experiences and priorities of each of the following categories, in relation to the particular policy/decision? Specify details for each of the Section 75 categories

Section 75 Category	Details of needs/experiences/priorities
Religious belief	No specific needs, experiences and priorities have been identified.
Political opinion	
Racial group	
Age	
Marital status	
Sexual orientation	
Men and women generally	
Disability	
Dependants	

Screening Questions

1. What is the likely impact on equality of opportunity for those affected by this policy, for each of the Section 75 grounds?

Section 75 category	Details of policy impact	Level of impact? Major/minor/none
Religious belief Political opinion Racial group Age Marital status Sexual orientation Men and women generally Disability Dependants	The Risk Management Policy is primarily an inward facing policy. It draws on the principles and approach set out in 'Orange Book, Management of Risk – Principles and Concepts', issued by HM Treasury (October 2020) and the NIAO 'Good Practice in Risk Management' (June 2011). The Local Government Regulations (NI) 2006 (Accounts and Audit) requires the Council to have in place adequate and effective arrangements for the management of risk and to report on these arrangements within the annual governance statement, which forms part of the statutory accounts and which must be considered and approved.	None

2. Are there opportunities to better promote equality of opportunity for people within the Section 75 equality categories?

Section 75	If Yes , provide details	If No , provide details
category		
Religious belief		No
Political opinion		
Racial group		
Age		
Marital status		
Sexual orientation		
Men and women		
generally		
Disability		
Dependants		

3. To what extent is the policy likely to impact on good relations between people of different religious belief, political opinion or racial group?

Good relations category	Details of policy impact	Level of impact? Major/minor/none
Religious belief Political opinion	No specific needs, experiences and priorities for the good relations categories	None
Racial group	have been identified.	

4. Are there opportunities to better promote good relations between people of different religious belief, political opinion or racial group?

Good relations category	If Yes , provide details	If No , provide details
Religious belief		No
Political opinion		
Racial group		

Additional considerations

Multiple identity

Generally speaking, people can fall into more than one Section 75 category. Taking this into consideration, are there any potential impacts of the policy/decision on people with multiple identities? (For example; disabled minority ethnic people; disabled women; young Protestant men; and young lesbians, gay and bisexual people).

None

Provide details of data on the impact of the policy on people with multiple identities. Specify relevant Section 75 categories concerned.

Screening Decision

In light of your answers to the previous questions, do you feel that the policy should (please underline one):

- 1. Not be subject to an EQIA (with no mitigating measures required)
- 2. Not be subject to an EQIA (with mitigating measures /alternative policies)
- 3. Not be subject to an EQIA at this time
- 4. Be subject to an EQIA
- If 1. or 2. (i.e. not be subject to an EQIA), please provide details of the reasons why:

It is recommended the Risk Management Policy not be subject to an EQIA (with no mitigating measures required).

The reason for this decision is that the Risk Management Policy is primarily an inward facing policy. It draws on the principles and approach set out in 'Orange Book, Management of Risk – Principles and Concepts', issued by HM Treasury (October 2020) and the NIAO 'Good Practice in Risk Management' (June 2011). The Local Government Regulations (NI) 2006 (Accounts and Audit) requires the Council to have in place adequate and effective arrangements for the management of risk and to report on these arrangements within the annual governance statement, which forms part of the statutory accounts and which must be considered and approved.

	If 2. (i.e. not be subject to an EQIA), in what ways can identified adverse impacts attaching to the policy be mitigated or an alternative policy be introduced?		
	In light of these revisions, is there a need to re-screen the revised/alternat Yes / No. If No, please explain why	tive policy?	
	If 3. or 4. (i.e. to conduct an EQIA), please provide details of the reasons:		
	Timetabling and prioritising EQIA		
	If 3. or 4, is the policy affected by timetables established by other relevant public authorities? NO		
	If YES, please provide details:		
	Please answer the following questions to determine priority for timetabling On a scale of 1-3, with 1 being the lowest priority and 3 being the highest, policy in terms of its priority for EQIA.		
	Priority criterion Ratin (1-3)		
	Effect on equality of opportunity and good relations		
	Social need Effect on people's daily lives		
	Relevance to a public authority's functions		
Note: The Total Rating Score should be used to prioritise the policy in rar with other policies screened in for EQIA. This list of priorities will assist y timetabling the EQIA. Details of your EQIA timetable should be included quarterly Section 75 report.		ou in	
	Proposed date for commencing EQIA:		

Monitoring

Effective monitoring will help identify any future adverse impacts arising from the policy which may lead you to conduct an EQIA, as well as help with future planning and policy development.

Please detail proposed monitoring arrangements below:

The policy will be reviewed on a four-yearly basis, or sooner as necessary, to ensure that it remains up-to-date with legislation and organisational changes etc.

Approval and Authorisation

Screened by:	Position/Job Title	Date
Colin Moffett	Head of Corporate Policy	29 March 2022
Approved by:		

Note: The completed policy screening template, signed off by the appropriate policy lead within the Council, and approved by the senior manager responsible for the policy, should be forwarded to the Head of Corporate Policy / Corporate Policy & Equality Officer who will arrange for it to be included in the Council's Quarterly Report on Screening and made available on the Council's website.