Newry, Mourne and Down District Council Policy Screening Form

Policy Information

Name of the policy	Car Purchase Assistance Scheme
Is this an existing, revised or new policy?	Revised
What is it trying to achieve (aims/outcomes)	Section 41B of the Local Government Act (Northern Ireland) 1972 provides for a district council to make a loan to an officer for the purchase of a motor car or motor cycle, subject to such conditions as the Department of Environment, with the approval of the Department of Finance and Personnel may determine.
	Part 3, section 6, paragraph 6.6 of the National Agreement of Pay and Conditions of Service (Green Book) makes provision for an authorised car user to apply for financial assistance to purchase a car.
	The discretionary Car Purchase Assistance Scheme provides the opportunity for eligible employees to apply for a loan from the Council for the purchase of a car to be used in connection with their duties, the loan being repaid via a salary deduction agreement.
Are there any Section 75 categories which might be expected to benefit from the intended policy?	No
If so, explain how.	
Who initiated or wrote the policy?	Human Resources
Who owns and who implements the policy?	Director of Corporate Services (owner), Finance/Payroll implement

Implementation factors

	Yes	No
Are there any factors which could contribute to/detract from		No
the intended aim/outcome of the policy/decision?		
If yes, are they Financial		
If yes, are they Legislative		
If yes, and they are Other please specify:		

Main stakeholders affected

Who are the internal and external stakeholders (actual or potential) that the policy will impact upon?

	Yes	No	
Staff	Yes		

Service users	No
Other public sector organisations	NO
Voluntary/community/trade unions	No
Other, please specify:	No

Other policies with a bearing on this policy

What are they	Travelling Expenses and Subsistence Policy and Procedures
Who owns them	Human Resources

Available evidence

What evidence/information (both qualitative and quantitative) have you gathered to inform this policy? Specify details for relevant Section 75 categories.

Section 75 Category	Details of needs/experiences/priorities						
Religious belief	LGD	All usual residents	Catholic	Protestant and other Christian	Other religions	None	
	Northern Ireland	1,810,863	817,385 (45.14%)	875,717 (48.36%)	16,592 (0.9%)	101,169 (5.59%)	
	Newry, Mourne & Down	171533	113200 (65.99%)	34718 (20.34%)	752 (0.43%)	10229 (5.96%)	
Political opinion	Elected political party representation is an approximate barometer of political opinion of people within the Council area. The party breakdown of the Council's elected members is as follows:						
	Sinn Féin SDLP Democratic Ui Independents Ulster Unionis Alliance	nionist	14 13 4 5 9 3 9	seats seats seats seats seats seat	rs is as follo	ws:	
Racial group	According to the population of I than double the	Northern Irela	sus, 1.8% (3 and belongs	to minority eth	usually resid nic groups;	ent this is more	

The minority ethnic language profile within the area serves as a possible indicator of the BME community profile.

The composition of language groups in the Newry, Mourne and Down District Council area is noted by NISRA (2011) as follows:

Minority Ethnic Language Profile of the Newry, Mourne and Down LGD Area

Main language of residents in	Number	Percentage %
Newry, Mourne and Down		
District LGD		
English	156794	97.15
Polish	2100	1.18
Lithuanian	836	0.47
Irish	367	0.24
Portuguese	86	0.05
Slovak	134	0.08
Chinese	121	0.07
Tagalog/Filipino	55	0.03
Latvian	208	0.25
Russian	109	0.06
Malayalam	87	0.05
Hungarian	74	0.04
Other	755	0.46

Age

The age profile of the Newry, Mourne and Down LGD area at Census Day 2011 is as follows:

Age Profile	NI	Newry, Mourne & Down
0-4	124382	12721
5-7	67662	6876
8-9	43625	4595
10-14	119034	12287
15	24620	2599
16-17	51440	5260
18-19	50181	4570
20-24	126013	11570
25-29	124099	11805
30-34	373947	35122
45-59	347850	32556
60-64	94290	8624
65-74	145600	12817
75-84	86724	7453
85-89	21165	1849
90+	10231	829

Marital status

The table below illustrates the marital status profile of the Newry, Mourne and Down area:

Marital	Newry, Mourne	NI	
Status	and Down LGD		

All usual	132455	1431540
residents:	102 100	
Aged 16+		
11 -		
years	47722	517393
Single	41122	
(never		(35.14%)
married or		(40)
never		
registered a		
same-sex		
civil		
partnership)		
Aged 16+		
years		
Married:	65255	680831
Aged 16+		(47.56%)
years		
In a	102	1243
registered	102	(0.09%)
same-sex		(3.3370)
civil		
partnership:		
Aged 16+		
years	4007	E0044
Separated	4697	56911
(but still		(3.98%)
legally		
married or		
still legally in		
a same-sex		
civil		
partnership):		
Aged 16+		
years		
Divorced or	6271	78074
formerly in a	0211	(5.45%)
same-sex		(0.1070)
civil		
partnership		
which is		
now legally		
dissolved		07200
Widowed or	8408	97088
surviving		(6.78%)
partner from		
a same-sex		
civil		
partnership:		
Aged 16+		
years		
years		
	00441 !! 4	Hank harking an 20/ and 400/ af Han
xual Analysis of the C	ensus 2011 indicates	that between 2% and 10% of the
entation population may b	e lesbian, gay or bise	xual.

	bisexual peopl HM Treasury s themselves as	e in Norshows the gay, les	thern at bet bian,	Ireland. Howeve ween 5% - 7% o bisexual or ´tran	e number of gay r, research cond f the UK populat s´ (transsexual, t proportion of the	ucted by the ion identify transgendered
Men and women generally	LGD Northern Ire	M reland		887323	Female 923540	as follows:
	Newry, Mou and Down L			83866	85345	
Disability		Council a	area h	ave a long-term	ople in the Newry health problem o	
	LGD		ual nts	Long-term health problem or disability: Day-to-day activities limited a lot	Long-term health problem or disability: Day-to-day activities limited a little	Long-term health problem or disability: Day-to-day activities not limited
	Northern Ireland	1810863		215232 (11.89%)	159414 (8.8%)	1436217 (79.31%)
	Newry, Mourne and Down	171533		19579 (11.4%)	14102 (8.22%)	135530 (79.01%)
	 More the disability any other than 1 in 7 per than 5,000 seand/or than 1 in North signification. 52,000 	 In Northern Ireland the profile of people with a disability is cited as follows: More than 1 in 5 or 21% of the population in Northern Ireland has a disability The incidence of disability is higher in Northern Ireland the any other part of the UK 1 in 7 people in Northern Ireland have some form of hearing loss 5,000 sign language users who use British Sign Language (BSL) and/or Irish Sigh Language (ISL) In Northern Ireland there are 57,000 blind people or people with significant visual impairment 52,000 people with learning disabilities (Source: Disability Action) 				Ireland has a ern Ireland than earing loss uage (BSL)
Dependants	Persons with dependents may be people who have personal responsibility for the care of a child (or children), a person with a disability, and / or a dependent older person.					
	have depender	nts. Witl	h rega		rne and Down, 3 es, dependents a rears who are in	are defined as

education and living with their parents or grandparents. Similar to the regional trend, the proportion of households with dependents in the District has declined from 50% in 1981 to 37.5% in 2011.

There are 5,466 lone parent households with dependent children in Newry, Mourne and Down which equates to almost 9% of number of total households in the District and is the fourth highest in Northern Ireland, after Belfast (17,036), Derry and Strabane (6,337) and Armagh, Banbridge and Craigavon (6,337). Half of the parents in lone parent household in Newry, Mourne and Down are unemployed, almost a quarter are in full time employment and over a quarter are in part time employment. 89% of the parents in lone parent households are female compared to 11% who are male.

In 2012, the teenage conception rate was 1.02 per 1,000 mothers, which is the third lowest in N.Ireland before Lisburn and Castlereagh and Fermanagh and Omagh.

Needs, experiences and priorities

Taking into account the information referred to above, what are the different needs, experiences and priorities of each of the following categories, in relation to the particular policy/decision? Specify details for each of the Section 75 categories

Section 75 Category	Details of needs/experiences/priorities
Religious belief	It is not anticipated this policy will affect the needs, experiences or priorities of this group.
Political opinion	It is not anticipated this policy will affect the needs, experiences or priorities of this group.
Racial group	It is not anticipated this policy will affect the needs, experiences or priorities of this group.
Age	It is not anticipated this policy will affect the needs, experiences or priorities of this group.
Marital status	It is not anticipated this policy will affect the needs, experiences or priorities of this group.
Sexual orientation	It is not anticipated this policy will affect the needs, experiences or priorities of this group.
Men and women generally	It is not anticipated this policy will affect the needs, experiences or priorities of this group.
Disability	It is not anticipated this policy will affect the needs, experiences or priorities of this group.
Dependants	It is not anticipated this policy will affect the needs, experiences or priorities of this group.

Screening Questions

1. What is the likely impact on equality of opportunity for those affected by this policy, for each of the Section 75 grounds?

Section 75 category	Details of policy impact	Level of impact? Major/minor/none
Religious belief	There is nothing to suggest the introduction of this policy will have an impact on section 75 grounds.	None
Political opinion	There is nothing to suggest the introduction of this policy will have an impact on section 75 grounds.	None
Racial group	There is nothing to suggest the introduction of this policy will have an impact on section 75 grounds.	None
Age	There is nothing to suggest the introduction of this policy will have an impact on section 75 grounds.	None
Marital status	There is nothing to suggest the introduction of this policy will have an impact on section 75 grounds.	None
Sexual orientation	There is nothing to suggest the introduction of this policy will have an impact on section 75 grounds.	None
Men and women generally	There is nothing to suggest the introduction of this policy will have an impact on section 75 grounds.	None
Disability	There is nothing to suggest the introduction of this policy will have an impact on section 75 grounds.	None
Dependants	There is nothing to suggest the introduction of this policy will have an impact on section 75 grounds.	None

2. Are there opportunities to better promote equality of opportunity for people within the Section 75 equality categories?

Section 75 category	If Yes , provide details	If No , provide details
Religious belief		No opportunities have been identified to promote equality of opportunity for people within the section 75 categories
Political opinion		No opportunities have been identified to promote equality of opportunity for

	people within the section 75 categories
Racial group	No opportunities have been identified to promote equality of opportunity for people within the section 75 categories
Age	No opportunities have been identified to promote equality of opportunity for people within the section 75 categories
Marital status	No opportunities have been identified to promote equality of opportunity for people within the section 75 categories
Sexual orientation	No opportunities have been identified to promote equality of opportunity for people within the section 75 categories
Men and women generally	No opportunities have been identified to promote equality of opportunity for people within the section 75 categories
Disability	No opportunities have been identified to promote equality of opportunity for people within the section 75 categories
Dependants	No opportunities have been identified to promote equality of opportunity for people within the section 75 categories

3. To what extent is the policy likely to impact on good relations between people of different religious belief, political opinion or racial group?

Good relations category	Details of policy impact	Level of impact? Major/minor/none
Religious belief	There is nothing to suggest the introduction of this policy will have an impact on good relations	None
Political opinion	There is nothing to suggest the introduction of this policy will have an impact on good relations	None
Racial group	There is nothing to suggest the introduction of this policy will have an impact on good	None

relations	

4. Are there opportunities to better promote good relations between people of different religious belief, political opinion or racial group?

Good relations category	If Yes, provide details	If No, provide details
Religious belief		No opportunities have been identified to promote equality of opportunity for people within the section 75 categories
Political opinion		No opportunities have been identified to promote equality of opportunity for people within the section 75 categories
Racial group		No opportunities have been identified to promote equality of opportunity for people within the section 75 categories

Additional considerations

Multiple identity

Generally speaking, people can fall into more than one Section 75 category. Taking this into consideration, are there any potential impacts of the policy/decision on people with multiple identities? (For example; disabled minority ethnic people; disabled women; young Protestant men; and young lesbians, gay and bisexual people).

None

Provide details of data on the impact of the policy on people with multiple identities. Specify relevant Section 75 categories concerned.

Screening Decision

In light of your answers to the previous questions, do you feel that the policy should (please underline one):

- 1. Not be subject to an EQIA (with no mitigating measures required)
- 2. Not be subject to an EQIA (with mitigating measures /alternative policies)
- 3. Not be subject to an EQIA at this time

4. Be subject to an EQIA
If 1. or 2. (i.e. not be subject to an EQIA), please provide details of the reasons why
Following screening it has been decided not subject the policy to an EQIA, it is not expected the policy will have an adverse impact on any of the section 75 groupings.
If 2. (i.e. not be subject to an EQIA), in what ways can identified adverse impacts attaching to the policy be mitigated or an alternative policy be introduced?
In light of these revisions, is there a need to re-screen the revised/alternative policy Yes / No. If No, please explain why

Timetabling and prioritising EQIA

If 3. or 4, is the policy affected by timetables established by other relevant public authorities? NO If YES, please provide details:

If 3. or 4. (i.e. to conduct an EQIA), please provide details of the reasons:

Please answer the following questions to determine priority for timetabling the EQIA. On a scale of 1-3, with 1 being the lowest priority and 3 being the highest, assess the policy in terms of its priority for EQIA.

Priority criterion	Rating (1-3)
Effect on equality of opportunity and good relations	
Social need	
Effect on people's daily lives	
Relevance to a public authority's functions	

Note: The Total Rating Score should be used to prioritise the policy in rank order with other policies screened in for EQIA. This list of priorities will assist you in

timetabling the EQIA. Details of your EQIA timetable should be included in the quarterly Section 75 report.

Proposed date for commencing EQIA:	
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Monitoring

Effective monitoring will help identify any future adverse impacts arising from the policy which may lead you to conduct an EQIA, as well as help with future planning and policy development.

Please detail proposed monitoring arrangements below:

In addition to outlining proposed monitoring arrangements on how the impact of the policy's implementation will be assessed, the following comment should be included:

"The policy will be reviewed in line with the Council's agreed policy review cycle i.e. every four years (as per Council's Equality Scheme commitment 4.31), or sooner as necessary, to ensure that it remains up-to-date with legislative advancements etc."

Approval and Authorisation

HR Policy and Projects Manager	15 December 2016
Assistant Director – Human Resources	15 December 2016

Note: The completed policy screening template, signed off by the appropriate policy lead within the Council, and approved by the senior manager responsible for the policy, should be forwarded to the Equality Officer who will arrange for it to be included in the Council's Quarterly Report on Screening and made available on the Council's website.

