Newry, Mourne and Down District Council Policy Screening Form

Policy Information

Name of the policy	Media Policy
Is this an existing, revised or new policy?	Reviewed
What is it trying to achieve (aims/outcomes)	 The aim of the Policy is to ensure a consistent approach to dealing with all media communications activity. Our purpose in media relations is to: Build a strong image and identity for the Council and strengthen its reputation Improve citizens' awareness and understanding of the work of the Council Ensure information about our aims, objectives and services is targeted to and accessible by key stakeholders as highlighted under Section 75 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998. Invigorate local democracy and encourage and enable people to participate in the work of the Council Build up a relationship of trust and mutual understanding that will benefit both the Council and the media.
Are there any Section 75 categories which might be expected to benefit from the intended policy? If so, explain how.	All Section 75 categories might be expected to benefit from the policy and associated procedure.
Who initiated or wrote the policy?	Veronica Keegan, Head of Communications and Marketing
Who owns and who implements the policy?	Assistant Director, Corporate Planning and Policy

Implementation factors

	Yes	No
Are there any factors which could contribute to/detract from	X	
the intended aim/outcome of the policy/decision?		
If yes, are they Financial	X	
If yes, are they Legislative	Х	
If yes, and they are Other please specify:		

Main stakeholders affected

Who are the internal and external stakeholders (actual or potential) that the policy will impact upon?

	Yes	No
Staff	X	
Service users	X	
Other public sector organisations	X	
Voluntary/community/trade unions	Х	
Other, please specify:		

Other policies with a bearing on this policy

What are they and	- Pilingualism Policy and Procedure
What are they and	Bilingualism Policy and Procedure
who owns them	Code of Conduct for Local Government Employees
	Corporate Comments, Compliments and Complaints Procedure
	Corporate Brand Guidelines
	Data Protection Act 2018
	Equality Scheme
	Freedom of Information Act 2000
	NI Local Government Code of Conduct for Councillors
	Northern Ireland Act 1998 (Section 75)
	Safeguarding Board (NI) Act 2011
	Social Media and Acceptable Use Policy and Procedure
	UK General Data Protection Regulation 2018

Available evidence

What evidence/information (both qualitative and quantitative) have you gathered to inform this policy? Specify details for relevant Section 75 categories.

Section 75	Details of ev	idence / info	ormation			
Category						
Religious belief				T	T	
Dellei	LGD	All usual residents	Catholic	Protestant and other Christian	Other religions	None
	Northern Ireland	1,810,863	817,385 (45.14%)	875,717 (48.36%)	16,592 (0.9%)	101,169 (5.59%)
	Newry, Mourne & Down	171533	113200 (65.99%)	34718 (20.34%)	752 (0.43%)	10229 (5.96%)
	(Source: Cen	sus Data 201	11).			
Political opinion	Elected political opinion of peo	ple within the	Council are	a.		·
	Sinn Féin	indown or the		seats	10 10 40 10110	.
	SDLP			seats		
	Democratic Ur	nionist	3	seats		
	Independents			seats		
	Ulster Unionis	İ		seats		
	Alliance		2 \$	seat		
Racial group	According to the population of Nan double the	Northern Irela	and belongs	to minority eth		
	The minority ethnic language profile within the area serves as a possible indicator of the BME community profile. The composition of language groups in the Newry, Mourne and Down Distric Council area is noted by NISRA (2011) as follows: Minority Ethnic Language Profile of the Newry, Mourne and Down LGD Area				ossible	
					own District	
					own LGD	
	Main languag Newry, Mouri District LGD			Number	Percenta	age %
	English			156794	97.1	15
	Polish			2100	1.1	8
	Lithuanian			836	0.4	7
	Irish			367	0.2	4
	Portuguese			86	0.0	
	Slovak			134	0.0	8

Chinese	121	0.07
Tagalog/Filipino	55	0.03
Latvian	208	0.25
Russian	109	0.06
Malayalam	87	0.05
Hungarian	74	0.04
Other	755	0.46

Age

The age profile of the Newry, Mourne and Down LGD area at Census Day 2011 is as follows:

Age Profile	NI	Newry, Mourne & Down
0-4	124382	12721
5-7	67662	6876
8-9	43625	4595
10-14	119034	12287
15	24620	2599
16-17	51440	5260
18-19	50181	4570
20-24	126013	11570
25-29	124099	11805
30-34	373947	35122
45-59	347850	32556
60-64	94290	8624
65-74	145600	12817
75-84	86724	7453
85-89	21165	1849
90+	10231	829

Marital status

The table below illustrates the marital status profile of the Newry, Mourne and Down area:

Marital Status	Newry, Mourne and Down LGD	NI
All usual residents: Aged 16+ years	132455	1431540
Single (never married or never registered a same-sex civil partnership) Aged 16+ years	47722	517393 (35.14%)
Married: Aged 16+ years	65255	680831 (47.56%)
In a registered same-sex civil partnership: Aged 16+ years	102	1243 (0.09%)
Separated (but still legally married or still legally in a same-sex civil partnership): Aged	4697	56911 (3.98%)

	16+ years				
	Divorced or fo	rmerly in a	6271	780	074
	same-sex civil	•	02.1		5%)
	partnership wh			(3.1	
	legally dissolv				
	Widowed or surviving		8408	970	088
	partner from a		0.00		(8%)
	civil partnersh			(6	(70)
	16+ years	.p. 7.900			
	<u> </u>				
Sexual orientation	_		11 indicates that , gay or bisexual.	between 2% and '	10% of the
	There are no of	fficial statis	tics in relation to t	he number of gay	. lesbian or
				er, research cond	
				of the UK populati	
				ns´ (transsexual, t	
				proportion of the	
	in Northern Irel	and.			
Men and	The gender pr	ofile for the	Newry, Mourne	and Down LGD is	as follows:
women				T = .	
generally	LGD		ale	Female	
	Northern Irela		887323	923540	
	Newry, Mour		83866	85345	
	and Down LO	3D			
Disability	According to th	e 2011 Cer	nsus 19.62% of pe	eople in the Newry	/. Mourne and
,				n health problem o	
	limits their day-		•	•	•
	LGD	All usual	Long-term	Long-term	Long-term
		residents	health	health	health
			problem or	problem or	problem or
			disability:	disability:	disability:
			Day-to-day	Day-to-day	Day-to-day
			activities	activities	activities not
			limited a lot		limited
	Northern	1810863	215232	159414	1436217
	Ireland		(11.89%)	(8.8%)	(79.31%)
	Newry,	171533	19579	14102	135530
	Mourne and		(11.4%)	(8.22%)	(79.01%)
	Down				
	In Northern Irel	and the pro	ofile of neonle with	n a disability is cite	ed as follows:
		•		lation in Northern	
	disability The incidence of disability is higher in Northern Ireland than any other part of the UK				
		1 in 7 people in Northern Ireland have some form of hearing loss			
	• 1 in 7 pc	eople in No	rthern Ireland hav	ve some form of he	earing loss
				ve some form of he British Sign Lange	

•	In Northern Ireland there are 57,000 blind people or people with
	significant visual impairment

• 52,000 people with learning disabilities

(Source: Disability Action)

Dependants

Persons with dependents may be people who have personal responsibility for the care of a child (or children), a person with a disability, and / or a dependent older person.

There are 61,998 households in Newry, Mourne and Down, 37.5% of which have dependents. With regard to these figures, dependents are defined as those aged 0-15 years or those aged 16-18 years who are in full-time education and living with their parents or grandparents. Similar to the regional trend, the proportion of households with dependents in the District has declined from 50% in 1981 to 37.5% in 2011.

There are 5,466 lone parent households with dependent children in Newry, Mourne and Down which equates to almost 9% of number of total households in the District and is the fourth highest in Northern Ireland, after Belfast (17,036), Derry and Strabane (6,337) and Armagh, Banbridge and Craigavon (6,337). Half of the parents in lone parent household in Newry, Mourne and Down are unemployed, almost a quarter are in full time employment and over a quarter are in part time employment. 89% of the parents in lone parent households are female compared to 11% who are male.

In 2012, the teenage conception rate was 1.02 per 1,000 mothers, which is the third lowest in N.Ireland before Lisburn and Castlereagh and Fermanagh and Omagh.

Needs, experiences and priorities

Taking into account the information referred to above, what are the different needs, experiences and priorities of each of the following categories, in relation to the particular policy/decision? Specify details for each of the Section 75 categories

Section 75	Details of needs/experiences/priorities
Category	
Religious belief	In terms of access to information Council is aware that some groups will not have the same access to information as others.
Political opinion	In particular:
Racial group	People with sensory, learning, communication and mobility
Age	disabilities may require printed information in other formats.Members of ethnic minority groups, whose first language is not
Marital status	English.Children and young people may not be able to fully access or
Sexual orientation	understand information.
Men and women generally	
Disability	
Dependants	

Screening Questions

1. What is the likely impact on equality of opportunity for those affected by this policy, for each of the Section 75 grounds?

Section 75 category	Details of policy impact	Level of impact? Major/minor/none
Religious belief	An aim of the policy is to ensure	Minor - positive
Political opinion	information about our aims, objectives and	
Racial group	services is targeted to and accessible by	
Age	key stakeholders as highlighted under	
Marital status	Section 75 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998.	
Sexual orientation	1990.	
Men and women generally	As set out within Council's approved	
Disability	Equality Scheme the Council is	
Dependants	committed to ensuring the information	
	we disseminate and the services we	
	provide are fully accessible to all parts	
	of the community. We keep our	
	arrangements under review to ensure that this remains the case.	
	that this remains the case.	
	We are aware that some groups will	
	not have the same access to	
	information as others.	
	In particular:	
	People with sensory, learning, communication and mobility disabilities	
	may require printed information in	
	other formats.	
	Members of ethnic minority groups,	
	whose first language is not English.	
	Children and young people may not be	
	able to fully access or understand	
	information.	
	In terms of access to information to	
	ensure equality of opportunity in	
	accessing information, we provide	
	information in alternative formats on	
	request, where reasonably practicable.	
	Where the exact request cannot be met	
	we will ensure a reasonable alternative is	
	provided.	
	In disseminating information through	
	the media we will seek to advertise in	
	the press where appropriate.	
	Newry, Mourne and Down District	
	Council is committed to ensuring that	

all of our services are fully accessible to everyone in the community across the Section 75 categories and adheres to the relevant provisions of current anti-discrimination legislation.	
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2. Are there opportunities to better promote equality of opportunity for people within the Section 75 equality categories?

Section 75	If Yes , provide details	If No , provide details
category		
Religious belief		No
Political opinion		
Racial group		
Age		
Marital status		
Sexual orientation		
Men and women		
generally		
Disability		
Dependants		

3. To what extent is the policy likely to impact on good relations between people of different religious belief, political opinion or racial group?

Good relations category	Details of policy impact	Level of impact? Major/minor/none
Religious belief Political opinion	No specific needs, experiences and priorities for the good relations categories	None
Racial group	have been identified in relation to the Media Policy.	

4. Are there opportunities to better promote good relations between people of different religious belief, political opinion or racial group?

Good relations category	If Yes , provide details	If No , provide details
Religious belief		No
Political opinion		
Racial group		

Additional considerations

Multiple identity

Generally speaking, people can fall into more than one Section 75 category. Taking this into consideration, are there any potential impacts of the policy/decision on people with multiple identities? (For example; disabled minority ethnic people; disabled women; young Protestant men; and young lesbians, gay and bisexual people).

None

Provide details of data on the impact of the policy on people with multiple identities. Specify relevant Section 75 categories concerned.

Screening Decision

In light of your answers to the previous questions, do you feel that the policy should (please underline one):

- 1. Not be subject to an EQIA (with no mitigating measures required)
- 2. Not be subject to an EQIA (with mitigating measures /alternative policies)
- 3. Not be subject to an EQIA at this time
- 4. Be subject to an EQIA
- If 1. or 2. (i.e. not be subject to an EQIA), please provide details of the reasons why:

It is recommended the Media Policy not be subject to an EQIA (with no mitigating measures required).

The reason for this decision is that the policy confirms an aim to ensure information about our aims, objectives and services will be targeted to and accessible by key stakeholders as highlighted under Section 75 of the Northern Ireland Act 1998.

If 2. (i.e. not be subject to an EQIA), in what ways can identified adverse impacts attaching to the policy be mitigated or an alternative policy be introduced?	3
In light of these revisions, is there a need to re-screen the revised/alternative po Yes / No. If No, please explain why	licy
If 3. or 4. (i.e. to conduct an EQIA), please provide details of the reasons:	

Timetabling and prioritising EQIA

If 3. or 4, is the policy affected by timetables established by other relevant public authorities? NO

If YES, please provide details:

Please answer the following questions to determine priority for timetabling the EQIA. On a scale of 1-3, with 1 being the lowest priority and 3 being the highest, assess the policy in terms of its priority for EQIA.

Priority criterion	Rating (1-3)
Effect on equality of opportunity and good relations	
Social need	
Effect on people's daily lives	
Relevance to a public authority's functions	

Note: The Total Rating Score should be used to prioritise the policy in rank order with other policies screened in for EQIA. This list of priorities will assist you in timetabling the EQIA. Details of your EQIA timetable should be included in the quarterly Section 75 report.

Proposed date for commencing EQIA:	
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Monitoring

Effective monitoring will help identify any future adverse impacts arising from the policy which may lead you to conduct an EQIA, as well as help with future planning and policy development.

Please detail proposed monitoring arrangements below:

The policy will be reviewed on a four-yearly basis, or sooner as necessary, to ensure that it remains up-to-date with legislation and organisational changes etc.

The policy will be implemented and monitored through Newry, Mourne and Down District Council's Media Policy Procedures (Reviewed March 2022)

Approval and Authorisation

Screened by:	Position/Job Title	Date
Colin Moffett	Head of Corporate Policy	9 March 2022
Approved by:		
Veronica Keegan	Head of Communications and Marketing	22 March 2022

Note: The completed policy screening template, signed off by the appropriate policy lead within the Council, and approved by the senior manager responsible for the policy, should be forwarded to the Head of Corporate Policy / Corporate Policy & Equality Officer who will arrange for it to be included in the Council's Quarterly Report on Screening and made available on the Council's website.