# Newry, Mourne and Down District Council Policy Screening Form

## **Policy Information**

1 oney mormation	
Name of the policy	Participatory Budgeting (PB)
Is this an existing, revised or new policy?	New
What is it trying to achieve (aims/outcomes)	Enable citizens to have a direct say in how public money is spent Extend community engagement by involving groups in making democratic decisions Expanding community knowledge of priorities and assets
Are there any Section 75 categories which might be expected to benefit from the intended policy?	All categories
If so, explain how.	In extending community engagement, PB projects can be designed to be open and relevant to all groups. PB is commonly used to to extend decision making to groups who otherwise would not have had experience of doing so.
Who initiated or wrote the policy?	Community Planning
Who owns and who implements the policy?	Community Planning and Performance

# Implementation factors

	Yes	No
Are there any factors which could contribute to/detract from	Yes	
the intended aim/outcome of the policy/decision?		
If yes, are they Financial	Yes	
If yes, are they Legislative		No
If yes, and they are Other please specify:	Other: Percept	
	in statutory orga	anisations that
	governance req	uirements
	may inhibit action	n

## Main stakeholders affected

Who are the internal and external stakeholders (actual or potential) that the policy will impact upon?

	Yes	No
Staff	Yes	
Service users	Yes	
Other public sector organisations	Yes	
Voluntary/community/trade unions	Yes	
Other, please specify:		

# Other policies with a bearing on this policy

What are they	NMD Financial Assistance
Who owns them	Community Engagement, Active and Healthy Communities

## Available evidence

What evidence/information (both qualitative and quantitative) have you gathered to inform this policy? Specify details for relevant Section 75 categories.

Section 75 Category	Details of ne	eds/experie	nces/prioriti	es		
Religious						
belief	LGD	All usual residents	Catholic	Protestant and other Christian	Other religions	None
	Northern Ireland	1,810,863	817,385 (45.14%)	875,717 (48.36%)	16,592 (0.92%)	101,169 (5.59%)
	Newry, Mourne & Down	169,211	122,544 (72.42%)	40,273 (23.8%)	861 (0.5%)	5533 (3.3%)
	(Source: Cen: KS212NI).	sus Data 201	1 - Religion	or Religion Br	ought Up In	:
Political opinion	Elected politica opinion of peop				e baromete	r of political
	The party brea	kdown of the	Council's el	ected membe	rs is as follo	WS:
	Sinn Féin SDLP Democratic Un Independents Ulster Unionist Alliance		13 s 4 s 5 s 3 s	seats seats seats eats eats eat		
Racial group	According to th population of N than double the	lorthern Irela	nd belongs t	o minority eth		
	The minority ethnic language profile within the area serves as a possible indicator of the BME community profile.					
	The composition Council area is				ourne and D	own District
	Minority Ethni Area	ic Language	Profile of t	he Newry, Mo	ourne and D	own LGD

	Main languag Newry, Mourr District LGD			Nui	mber	Percentage %
	English			156	6794	97.15
	Polish				100	1.18
	Lithuanian				36	0.47
	Irish				67	0.24
	Portuguese				36	0.05
	Slovak				34	0.08
	Chinese				21	0.07
	Tagalog/Filipi	no		55		0.03
	Latvian				08	0.25
	Russian				09	0.06
	Malayalam				37	0.05
	Hungarian				74	0.04
	Other				55	0.46
	Calor				00	0.10
Age	2011 is as follo	ws:				area at Census Day
	Age Pro	лпе	NI 12438	2	INEW	ry, Mourne & Down 12721
	5-7		67662			6876
	8-9		43625			4595
	10-14					12287
	15		119034			2599
	16-17		24620 51440			5260
	18-19		5018			4570
			12601			11570
	25-29	20-24				11805
	30-34		12409 37394			35122
	45-59		34785			32556
	60-64		94290			8624
	65-74		14560			12817
	75-84		86724			7453
	85-89		21165			1849
	90+		1023			829
	90+		1023	1		029
Marital status	The table belo and Down are		es the marit	al stat	us profile	of the Newry, Mourne
	Marital Status	Newry, Mourne and Down LGD		NI		NI
	All usual residents: Aged 16+ years		2455			1431540
	Single (never married or never registered a	47	722			517393 35.14%)

	I					
	same-sex					
	civil					
	partnership)					
	Aged 16+					
	years					
	Married:	65255	680831			
	Aged 16+	00200	(47.56%)			
	-		(47.3078)			
	years	100	1010			
	Ina	102	1243			
	registered		(0.09%)			
	same-sex					
	civil					
	partnership:					
	Aged 16+					
	years					
	Separated	4697	56911			
		-057				
	(but still		(3.98%)			
	legally					
	married or					
	still legally in					
	a same-sex					
	civil					
	partnership):					
	Aged 16+					
	years					
	Divorced or	6271	78074			
		0271				
	formerly in a		(5.45%)			
	same-sex					
	civil					
	partnership					
	which is					
	now legally					
	dissolved					
	Widowed or	8408	97088			
	surviving	0700	(6.78%)			
	-		(0.7070)			
	partner from					
	a same-sex					
	civil					
	partnership:					
	Aged 16+					
	years					
Sexual	Analysis of the	Census 2011 indicate	s that between 2% and 10% of the			
orientation	•	be lesbian, gay or bis				
Unchalion	population may	se iespiari, gay or bis				
	Thore are the -f	ficial atation in meter	ion to the number of any locking or			
			on to the number of gay, lesbian or			
			However, research conducted by the			
			5 - 7% of the UK population identify			
	themselves as	gay, lesbian, bisexual	or 'trans' (transsexual, transgendered			
			zeable proportion of the population here			
	in Northern Irela					
Mara		<u>()</u> () ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) )				
Men and	The gender profile for the Newry, Mourne and Down LGD is as follows:					

women						
generally	LGD		Male		Female	
•	Northern Irel	and		887323	923540	
	Newry, Mour	ne		83866	85345	
	and Down LO					
Disability		Council a	area ha	ve a long-term	pple in the Newry health problem c	
	LGD	All usu	lal	Long-term	Long-term	Long-term
		reside		health	health	health
		100100		problem or	problem or	problem or
				disability:	disability:	disability:
				Day-to-day	Day-to-day	Day-to-day
				activities	activities	activities not
		40400	00	limited a lot	limited a little	limited
	Northern	18108	63	215232	159414	1436217
	Ireland		_	(11.89%)	(8.8%)	(79.31%)
	Newry,	17153	3	19579	14102	135530
	Mourne and			(11.4%)	(8.22%)	(79.01%)
	Down					
	<ul> <li>5,000 sign language users who use British Sign Language (BSL) and/or Irish Sigh Language (ISL)</li> <li>In Northern Ireland there are 57,000 blind people or people with significant visual impairment</li> <li>52,000 people with learning disabilities</li> <li>(Source: Disability Action)</li> </ul>					
Dependants	<ul> <li>Persons with dependents may be people who have personal responsibility for the care of a child (or children), a person with a disability, and / or a dependent older person.</li> <li>There are 61,998 households in Newry, Mourne and Down, 37.5% of which have dependents. With regard to these figures, dependents are defined as those aged 0-15 years or those aged 16-18 years who are in full-time education and living with their parents or grandparents. Similar to the regional trend, the proportion of households with dependents in the District has declined from 50% in 1981 to 37.5% in 2011.</li> </ul>					
				are defined as full-time ar to the		
	There are 5,466 lone parent households with dependent children in Newr Mourne and Down which equates to almost 9% of number of total households in the District and is the fourth highest in Northern Ireland, aff Belfast (17,036), Derry and Strabane (6,337) and Armagh, Banbridge and Craigavon (6,337). Half of the parents in lone parent household in Newry Mourne and Down are unemployed, almost a quarter are in full time				total Ireland, after anbridge and old in Newry,	

employment and over a quarter are in part time employment. 89% of the parents in lone parent households are female compared to 11% who are male.
In 2012, the teenage conception rate was 1.02 per 1,000 mothers, which is the third lowest in N.Ireland before Lisburn and Castlereagh and Fermanagh and Omagh.

#### Needs, experiences and priorities

Taking into account the information referred to above, what are the different needs, experiences and priorities of each of the following categories, in relation to the particular policy/decision? Specify details for each of the Section 75 categories

Section 75 Category	Details of needs/experiences/priorities
Religious belief	Project to be open to all and advertised across district
Political opinion	Project to be open to all and advertised across district, with all Elected members informed of project
Racial group	Project to be open to all and advertised across district, including BME / Community groups
Age	Community / Voluntary Groups across age spectrum informed Design / delivery of project/s to be suitable if and when targeted on encouraging children, younger people or older citizens involvement
Marital status	Project to be open to all and advertised across district
Sexual orientation	Project to be open to all and advertised across district, including relevant LGBT groups
Men and women generally	Project to be open to all and advertised across district
Disability	Project to be open to all and advertised across district, including statutory services and community / voluntary disability groups
Dependants	Project to be open to all and advertised across district,

### **Screening Questions**

1. What is the likely impact on equality of opportunity for those affected by this policy, for each of the Section 75 grounds?

Section 75 category	Details of policy impact	Level of impact? Major/minor/none
Religious belief	Positive engagement with others of different religion	Minor
Political opinion	No obvious impact	None

Racial group	Improved opportunities for positive community engagement / inclusion with statutory and other community /voluntary organisations / PB applicants	Minor
Age	Intergenerational links / understanding	Minor
Marital status	No obvious impact	None
Sexual orientation	Improved opportunities for positive community engagement / inclusion with statutory and other community /voluntary organisations / PB applicants	
Men and women generally	No obvious impact	None
Disability	Improved opportunities for positive community engagement / inclusion with statutory and other community /voluntary organisations / PB applicants	Minor
Dependants	Improved opportunities for positive community engagement / inclusion with statutory and other community /voluntary organisations / PB applicants	Minor

2. Are there opportunities to better promote equality of opportunity for people within the Section 75 equality categories?

Section 75 category	If <b>Yes,</b> provide details	If <b>No</b> , provide details
Religious belief	Encourage PB applications /	
	event invitations through	
	NMDDC and partners	
	targeted social media	
Political opinion	As above	
Racial group	As above	
Age	As above	
Marital status	As above	
Sexual orientation	As above	
Men and women generally	As above	
Disability	As above, + accessible	
	venues	
Dependants	As above, + family friendly	
	event times and venues	

**3.** To what extent is the policy likely to impact on good relations between people of different religious belief, political opinion or racial group?

Good relations category	Details of policy impact	Level of impact? Major/minor/none
Religious belief	Positive engagement with others of different religion / shared understandings of similar or common purpose through PB events	Minor
Political opinion	None	None
Racial group	Positive engagement with others of different racial group/ ethnic background / shared understandings of similar or common purpose through PB events	Minor

**4.** Are there opportunities to better promote good relations between people of different religious belief, political opinion or racial group?

Good relations category	If <b>Yes</b> , provide details	If <b>No,</b> provide details
Religious belief	Through collective PB events and shared experience of all involved seeking to address common problems / issues	
Political opinion		Political opinions will not be explicit at PB events. While GR may be promoted it is not the currency of the events.
Racial group	Through collective PB events and shared experience of all involved seeking to address common problems / issues	

### **Additional considerations**

#### **Multiple identity**

Generally speaking, people can fall into more than one Section 75 category. Taking this into consideration, are there any potential impacts of the policy/decision on people with multiple identities? (For example; disabled minority ethnic people; disabled women; young Protestant men; and young lesbians, gay and bisexual people).

#### None

Provide details of data on the impact of the policy on people with multiple identities. Specify relevant Section 75 categories concerned.

# Screening Decision

In light of your answers to the previous questions, do you feel that the policy should (please underline one):

#### 1. Not be subject to an EQIA (with no mitigating measures required)

2. Not be subject to an EQIA (with mitigating measures /alternative policies)

- 3. Not be subject to an EQIA at this time
- 4. Be subject to an EQIA

If 1. or 2. (i.e. not be subject to an EQIA), please provide details of the reasons why:

Policy is a form of extending community engagement and will be open to all

If 2. (i.e. not be subject to an EQIA), in what ways can identified adverse impacts attaching to the policy be mitigated or an alternative policy be introduced?

In light of these revisions, is there a need to re-screen the revised/alternative policy? Yes / No. If No, please explain why

If 3. or 4. (i.e. to conduct an EQIA), please provide details of the reasons:

## Timetabling and prioritising EQIA

If 3. or 4, is the policy affected by timetables established by other relevant public authorities? NO If YES, please provide details:

Please answer the following questions to determine priority for timetabling the EQIA. On a scale of 1-3, with 1 being the lowest priority and 3 being the highest, assess the policy in terms of its priority for EQIA.

Priority criterion	Rating (1-3)
Effect on equality of opportunity and good relations	

Social need

Effect on people's daily lives

Relevance to a public authority's functions

Note: The Total Rating Score should be used to prioritise the policy in rank order with other policies screened in for EQIA. This list of priorities will assist you in timetabling the EQIA. Details of your EQIA timetable should be included in the quarterly Section 75 report.

Proposed date for commencing EQIA:

### Monitoring

Effective monitoring will help identify any future adverse impacts arising from the policy which may lead you to conduct an EQIA, as well as help with future planning and policy development.

Please detail proposed monitoring arrangements below:

In addition to outlining proposed monitoring arrangements on how the impact of the policy's implementation will be assessed, the following comment should be included:

"The policy will be reviewed in line with the Council's agreed policy review cycle i.e. every four years (as per Council's Equality Scheme commitment 4.31), or sooner as necessary, to ensure that it remains up-to-date with legislative advancements etc."

#### **Approval and Authorisation**

Screened by:	Position/Job Title	Date
David Patterson	Head of Community Planning	08.06.18
Approved by:		
Johnny McBride	Assistant Director, Community Planning and Performance	08.06.18

Note: The completed policy screening template, signed off by the appropriate policy lead within the Council, and approved by the senior manager responsible for the policy, should be forwarded to the Head of Corporate Policy who will arrange for it to be included in the Council's Quarterly Report on Screening and made available on the Council's website.