

which might be expected to benefit from the intended policy?	expected to benefit a specific section / or group.
If so, explain how.	
Who initiated or wrote the policy?	Michelle Boyle, Tourism Development Officer
Who owns and who implements the policy?	Director of Enterprise, Regeneration and Tourism

Implementation factors

	Yes	No
Are there any factors which could contribute to/detract from the intended aim/outcome of the policy/decision?	X	
If yes, are they Financial	X	
If yes, are they Legislative	X	
If yes, and they are Other please specify:		

Main stakeholders affected

Who are the internal and external stakeholders (actual or potential) that the policy will impact upon?

	Yes	No
Staff	X	
Service users	X	
Other public sector organisations	X	
Voluntary/community/trade unions	X	
Other, please specify:		

			Christian		
Northern Ireland	1,810,863	817,385 (45.14%)	875,717 (48.36%)	16,592 (0.92%)	101,169 (5.59%)
Newry, Mourne & Down	169,211	122,544 (72.42%)	40,273 (23.8%)	861 (0.5%)	5533 (3.3%)

(Source: Census Data 2011 - Religion or Religion Brought Up In: KS212NI).

Political opinion

Elected political party representation is an approximate barometer of political opinion of people within the Council area.

The party breakdown of the Council's elected members is as follows:

Sinn Féin	14 seats
SDLP	13 seats
Democratic Unionist	4 seats
Independents	5 seats
Ulster Unionist	3 seats
Alliance	2 seat

Racial group

According to the 2011 Census, 1.8% (32,400) of the usually resident population of Northern Ireland belongs to minority ethnic groups; this is more than double the proportion in 2001 (0.8%).

The minority ethnic language profile within the area serves as a possible indicator of the BME community profile.

The composition of language groups in the Newry, Mourne and Down District Council area is noted by NISRA (2011) as follows:

Age Profile	NI	Newry, Mourne & Down
0-4	124382	12721
5-7	67662	6876
8-9	43625	4595
10-14	119034	12287
15	24620	2599
16-17	51440	5260
18-19	50181	4570
20-24	126013	11570
25-29	124099	11805
30-34	373947	35122
45-59	347850	32556
60-64	94290	8624
65-74	145600	12817
75-84	86724	7453
85-89	21165	1849
90+	10231	829

Marital status

The table below illustrates the marital status profile of the Newry, Mourne and Down area:

Marital Status	Newry, Mourne and Down LGD	NI
All usual residents: Aged 16+ years	132455	1431540
Single (never married or	47722	517393 (35.14%)

	<p>a same-sex civil partnership): Aged 16+ years</p>		
	<p>Divorced or formerly in a same-sex civil partnership which is now legally dissolved</p>	<p>6271</p>	<p>78074 (5.45%)</p>
	<p>Widowed or surviving partner from a same-sex civil partnership: Aged 16+ years</p>	<p>8408</p>	<p>97088 (6.78%)</p>
<p>Sexual orientation</p>	<p>Analysis of the Census 2011 indicates that between 2% and 10% of the population may be lesbian, gay or bisexual.</p> <p>There are no official statistics in relation to the number of gay, lesbian or bisexual people in Northern Ireland. However, research conducted by the HM Treasury shows that between 5% - 7% of the UK population identify themselves as gay, lesbian, bisexual or 'trans' (transsexual, transgendered and transvestite) (LGBT). This is a sizeable proportion of the population here in Northern Ireland.</p>		

Newry, Mourne and Down	171533	19579 (11.4%)	14102 (8.22%)	133330 (79.01%)
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In Northern Ireland the profile of people with a disability is cited as follows:

- More than 1 in 5 or 21% of the population in Northern Ireland has a disability The incidence of disability is higher in Northern Ireland than any other part of the UK
- 1 in 7 people in Northern Ireland have some form of hearing loss
- 5,000 sign language users who use British Sign Language (BSL) and/or Irish Sigh Language (ISL)
- In Northern Ireland there are 57,000 blind people or people with significant visual impairment
- 52,000 people with learning disabilities

(Source: Disability Action)

Dependants

Persons with dependents may be people who have personal responsibility for the care of a child (or children), a person with a disability, and / or a dependent older person.

There are 61,998 households in Newry, Mourne and Down, 37.5% of which have dependents. With regard to these figures, dependents are defined as those aged 0-15 years or those aged 16-18 years who are in full-time education and living with their parents or grandparents. Similar to the regional trend, the proportion of households with dependents in the District has declined from 50% in 1981 to 37.5% in 2011.

There are 5,466 lone parent households with dependent children in Newry, Mourne and Down which equates to almost 9% of number of total households in the District and is the fourth highest in Northern Ireland, after Belfast (17,026), Derry and Strabane (6,337) and Armagh, Banbridge and

Religious belief	No needs, experiences and priorities have been identified.
Political opinion	No needs, experiences and priorities have been identified.
Racial group	In terms of access to information and services people of different racial groups may not have English as their first language.
Age	No needs, experiences and priorities have been identified.
Marital status	No needs, experiences and priorities have been identified.
Sexual orientation	No needs, experiences and priorities have been identified.
Men and women generally	No needs, experiences and priorities have been identified.
Disability	People with sensory, learning, communication and mobility disabilities may have specific needs, experiences and priorities.
Dependants	People with dependants such as those with responsibility for young people may have specific needs, experiences and priorities.

Screening Questions

1. What is the likely impact on equality of opportunity for those affected by this policy, for each of the Section 75 grounds?

Section 75 category	Details of policy impact	Level of impact? Major/minor/none
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have specific needs, experiences and priorities. In particular, people using prams may experience issues accessing and using the facility.

2. Are there opportunities to better promote equality of opportunity for people within the Section 75 equality categories?

Section 75 category	If Yes, provide details	If No, provide details
Religious belief		No needs, experiences and priorities have been identified.
Political opinion		No needs, experiences and priorities have been identified.
Racial group		No needs, experiences and priorities have been identified.
Age		No needs, experiences and priorities have been identified.
Marital status		No needs, experiences and priorities have been identified.
Sexual orientation		No needs, experiences and priorities have been identified.
Men and women generally		No needs, experiences and priorities have been identified.
Disability		Council acknowledges the primary issue of concern is to ensure access, as far as reasonably possible, to use the revised Narnia Trail. The proposed enhancements reflect the outcome of consultation and consideration of the preferred options to best deliver upon the initiative

Good relations category	If Yes , provide details	If No , provide details
Religious belief		No - No needs, experiences and priorities have been identified.
Political opinion		No - No needs, experiences and priorities have been identified.
Racial group		No - No needs, experiences and priorities have been identified.

Additional considerations

Multiple identity

Generally speaking, people can fall into more than one Section 75 category. Taking this into consideration, are there any potential impacts of the policy/decision on people with multiple identities? (For example; disabled minority ethnic people; disabled women; young Protestant men; and young lesbians, gay and bisexual people).

N/A

Provide details of data on the impact of the policy on people with multiple identities. Specify relevant Section 75 categories concerned.

Screening Decision

In light of your answers to the previous questions, do you feel that the policy should

If 2. (i.e. not be subject to an EQIA), in what ways can identified adverse impacts attaching to the policy be mitigated or an alternative policy be introduced?

In light of these revisions, is there a need to re-screen the revised/alternative policy? Yes / No. If No, please explain why

If 3. or 4. (i.e. to conduct an EQIA), please provide details of the reasons:

Timetabling and prioritising EQIA

If 3. or 4, is the policy affected by timetables established by other relevant public authorities? NO

If YES, please provide details:

Please answer the following questions to determine priority for timetabling the EQIA. On a scale of 1-3, with 1 being the lowest priority and 3 being the highest, assess the policy in terms of its priority for EQIA.

Monitoring

Effective monitoring will help identify any future adverse impacts arising from the policy which may lead you to conduct an EQIA, as well as help with future planning and policy development.

Please detail proposed monitoring arrangements below:

The implementation and use of the Narnia Trail upgrade will be monitored as part of the ongoing implementation of the Tourism Strategy.

Approval and Authorisation

Screened by:	Position/Job Title	Date
Michelle Boyle	Tourism Development Officer	16/10/17
Colin Moffett	Head of Corporate Policy	16/10/17
Approved by:		
ANDY PATTERSON	AD - TCE - ELT	23/10/17